

Tuesday 23rd Feb 8PM (GMT)

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Dr Caroline Elizabeth Childs BSc (Hons) PhD RNutr

Lecturer in Nutritional Sciences at the University of Southampton











Dr Fatima Perez de Heredia PhD, FHEA

Senior Lecturer in Physiology, Liverpool John Moores University,

f.perezdeherediabenedicte@ljmu.ac.uk @FRdeheredia





TIME-RESTRICTED FEEDING IN THE MANAGEMENT OF OBESITY

Fatima Perez de Heredia, PhD, FHEA





@FPdeheredia







A little bit about myself...



AVENA





PRIMER

Physiology Nutrition Obesity AT ageing







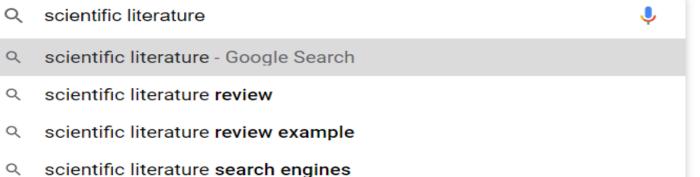
Immunonutrition

Hypoxia



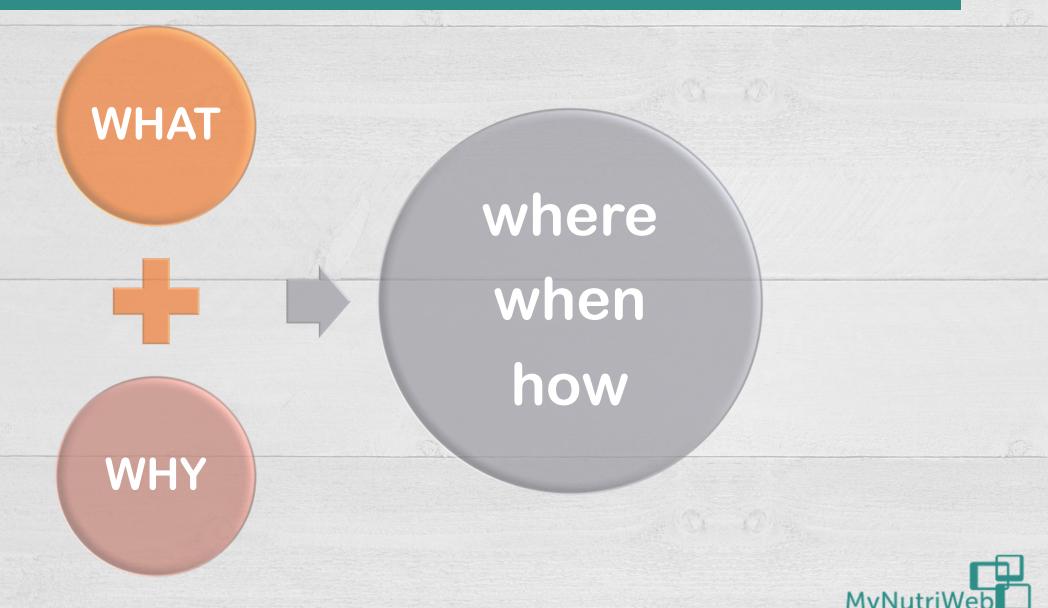


What to search when you're searching?





What to search when you're searching?



What to search when you're searching?

New field

Methods

Discuss results

Reviews

Thesis

Original articles

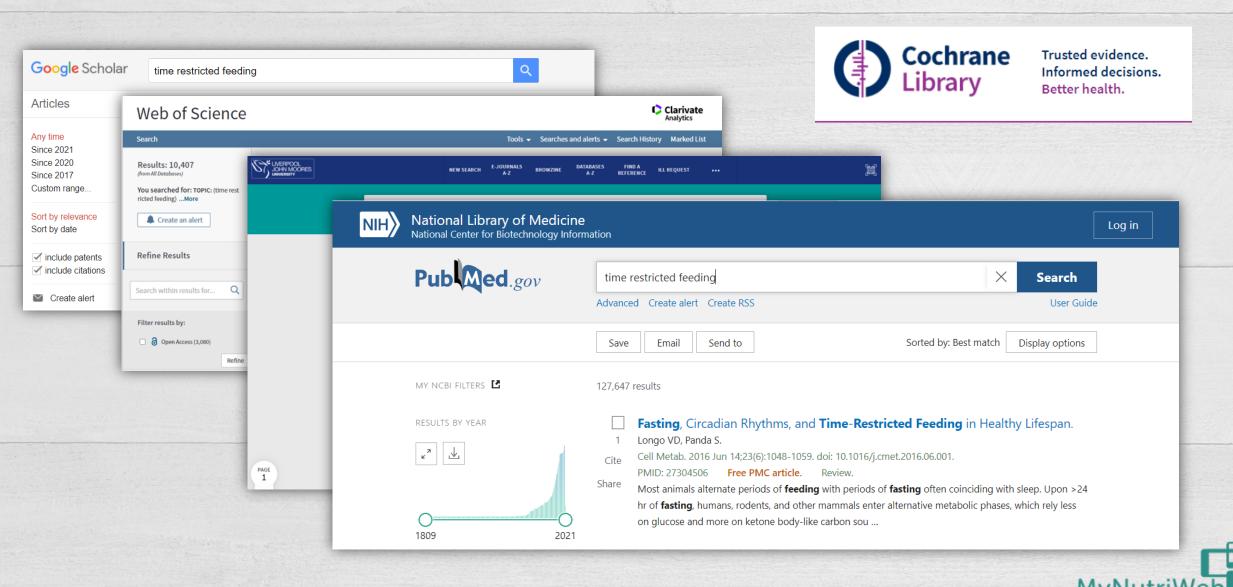
Book chapters

Systematic reviews

Metaanalysis



Where to search when you're searching?

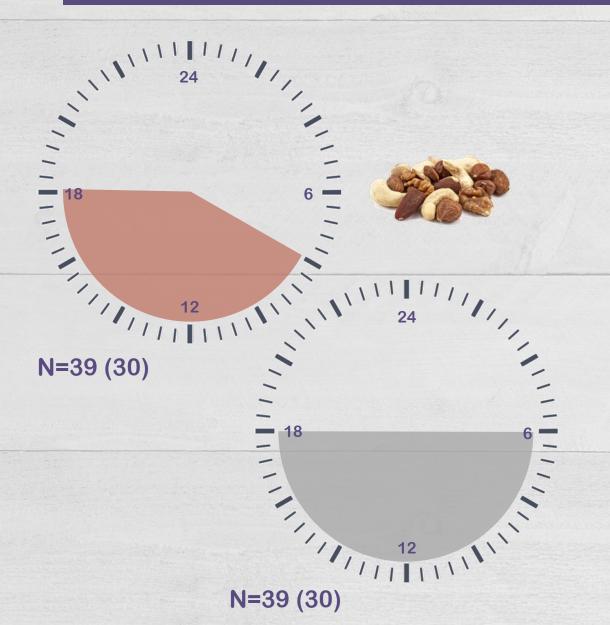


Effect of time restricted eating on body weight and fasting glucose in participants with obesity: results of a randomized, controlled, virtual clinical trial

Peeke PM, Greenway FL, Billes SK, Zhang D and Fujioka K (2021). *Nutrition & Diabetes*



What did the authors do?



Participants

BMI \geq 30 kg/m²; 88% women

Intervention

- Energy restricted (-500/1000 kcal)
- 20-30% protein, 25-35% fat, 45-55% CHO

Commercial programme

- Food purchased
- PA guidance & coaching

Conditions

- 8 weeks
- Self-measured and reported



What did they find? Body weight

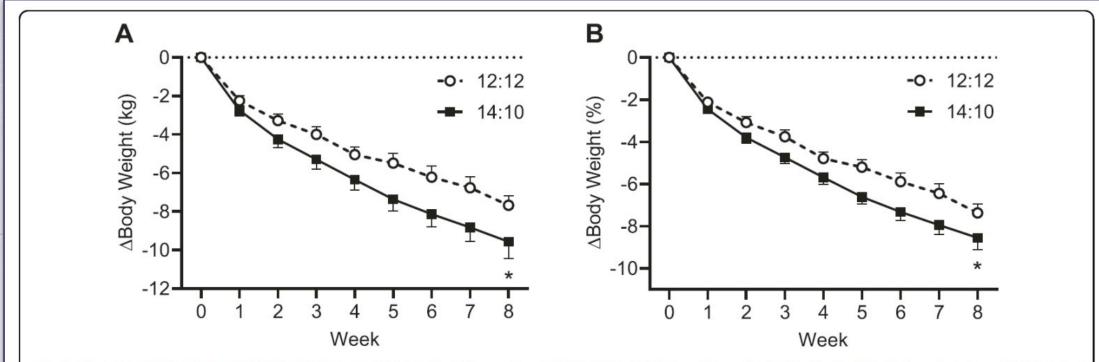


Fig. 2 Change in body weight in study completers. A Change in body weight. B Change in percent body weight. Data are mean \pm SE for the completer population (n = 30). *P < 0.05 for comparison of the adjusted LS mean change from baseline to Week 8 in the 14:10 group compared to the 12:12 group.

ITT: changes not statistically different between groups



What did they find? Blood glucose

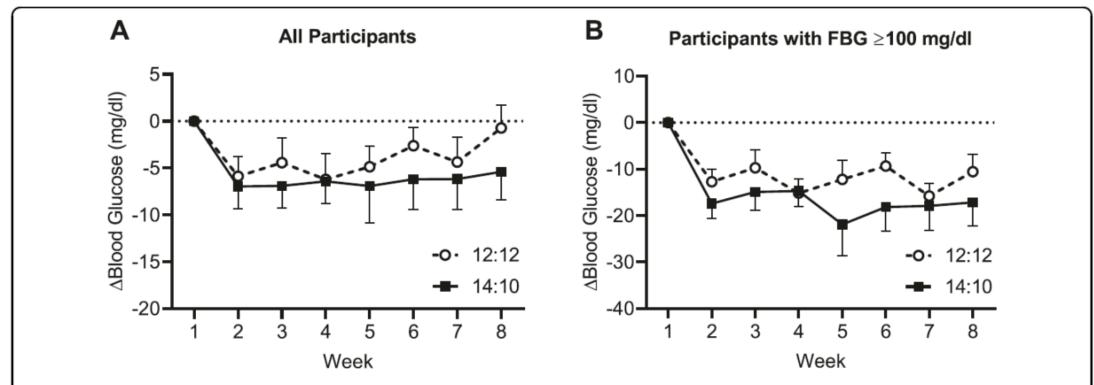


Fig. 3 Change in fasting blood glucose in study completers. A Change in FBG for all participants. Data are mean \pm SE for the completer population (n = 30). B Change in FBG for participants with baseline levels $\geq 100 \, \text{mg/dl}$. Data are mean \pm SE for participants in the completer population with a baseline FBG of $\geq 100 \, \text{mg/dl}$ (n = 12/group). FBG fasting blood glucose.



Effect of breaking fast in blood glucose

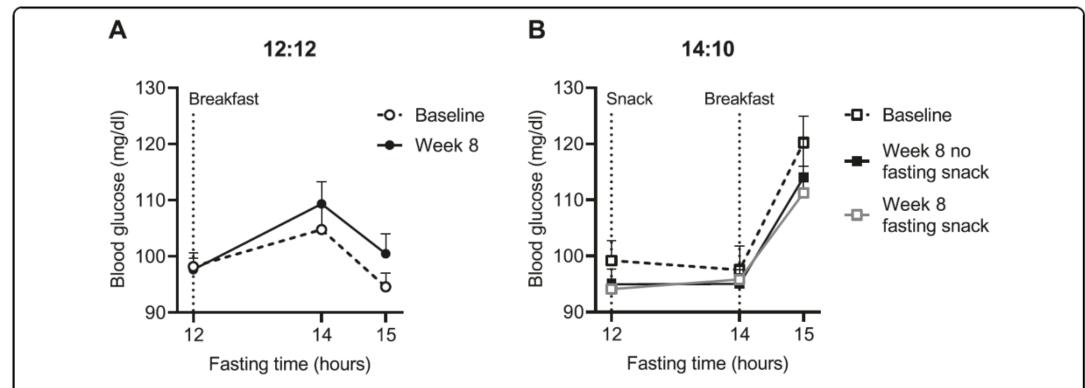
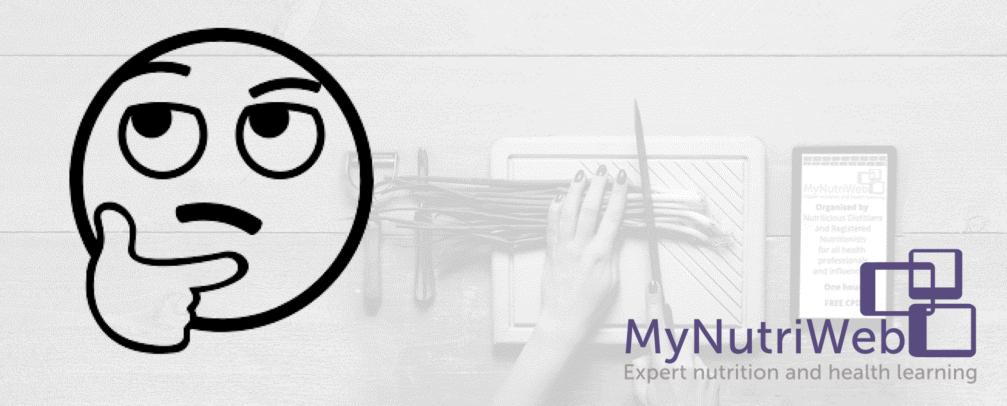


Fig. 4 Effect of the fasting snack on blood glucose in study completers. A Change in blood glucose after a breakfast meal for 12:12 study completers (n = 30). Participants at breakfast after the 12-hour FBG measurement. B Blood glucose response to a fasting snack and breakfast meal for 14:10 study completers at baseline (no fasting snack) and Week 8 (no fasting snack) (n = 30). Participants at the fasting snack after the 12-h blood glucose measurement and at breakfast after the 14-h blood glucose measurement. Data are mean \pm SE.

Other aspects to consider



and

Limitations

Pros

Controlled intervention

Isolate effect

Statistical analysis

Cons

Dietary restriction

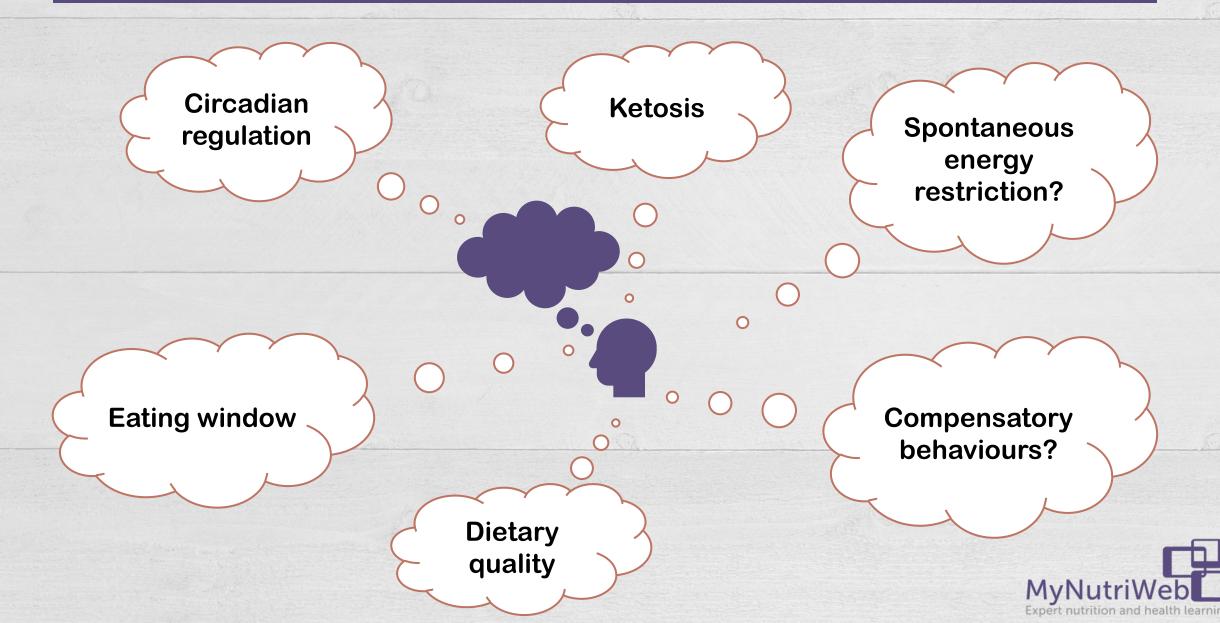
Intake not reported

Selfmeasurements

Covid-19



How does TRE work?



What do you think?

Thanks for joining!





Thank you for joining

Did you benefit from tonight's journal club? Please share your thoughts on social media



